In this case report, the author described “SPONTANEOUS PNEUMOMEDIASTINUM WITH SUBCUTANEOUS EMPHYSEMA IN A PATIENT WITH COVID-19”, which a major revision was demand for the second review.

1. The characteristics of pneumomediastinum and emphysema should be described in detail, further tell apart from the mechanically ventilated patients.
2. The critical monitoring signs of the patient should be displayed in proper form like table or figure, to demonstrate the dynamics in physiological state of the patient.
3. If possible, the conservative medical treatment needed to make a statement.
4. The figure should highlight the differences pre- and post-admission, to make it more reachable to the readers.